

Reinforcing Property Rights

Madison's Essay on property is essential reading to understand the property rights of U.S. Citizens:
<http://press-pubs.uchicago.edu/founders/documents/v1ch16s23.html>

Money is private property

Managed and regulated by the general government by the consent of the people and States for the good of the people

- The role, responsibility, power or possession of property delegated to the general governments within the Constitution is as follows:
 - Article I Section 8 subsection 1: "The Congress shall have Power To... borrow Money on the credit of the United States"
 - Article I Section 8 subsection 4: "The Congress shall have Power To... coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures"
 - Article I Section 9 Subsection 7: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time." All laws must in pursuance to the Constitution and the roles, responsibilities, powers, and possession of property enumerated within the Constitution.
 - A Restriction placed upon the State regarding money is in Article I Section 10 Subsection 1: "No State shall... coin Money; emit Bills of Credit; make any Thing but gold and silver Coin a Tender in Payment of Debts"
 - Petition State Law to keep fed from going electric/crypto
- States can and must make laws that only gold and silver coin the legal tender for payment, debts and trade.
- Federal government powers have no power or capability to coin anything but physical currency
- Maintaining physical money
 - In accordance with Article I Section 8
 - What is Money and how it is property
 - Money is a medium of exchange and currency that becomes the actual property of one who accepts it for exchange of goods or services
 - The paper money that was instituted by the general government that is no longer backed by Gold and Silver is in violation of the Constitution.
 - A person has a Constitutional right to hold and physically possess their property

Petitions

- A call to State Legislatures to tell Congress to get back to making “coin money” or money based upon the backing of Gold and Silver
- The State must make laws to prohibit both the federal and State governments from making or allowing electric digital currency ALL currency must be based and backed by physical Gold or Silver.
- People have the right to possess their property and that Congress nor any government can prohibit a person’s right to hold all their money regardless of the amount.
- States allowing cryptocurrency as legal tender for payment, debts and trade is violating the Constitution.

The Right of Conscience as property

- Madison’s Essay on property
 - “In a word, as a man is said to have a right to his property, he may be equally said to have a property in his rights.”
- Citizens have the Constitutional Right to decide what is best for them and their business – this is called “the right of conscience”
 - James Madison referred to the right of conscience as “the most sacred of all property.” He wrote “Government is instituted to protect property of every sort... as well that which lies in the various rights of individuals... that alone is a just government which impartially secures to every man whatever is his own.”
 - He continued in stating “If there be a government then which prides itself in maintaining the inviolability of property; which provides that none shall be taken directly even for public use without indemnification to the owner, and yet directly violates the property which individuals have in their opinions, their religion, their persons, and their faculties; ... such a government is not a pattern for the United States. If the United States mean to obtain or deserve the full praise due to wise and just governments, they will equally respect the rights of property, and the property in rights: they will rival the government that most sacredly guards the former; and by repelling its example in violating the latter, will make themselves a pattern to that and all other governments.”
- The right of conscience extends to
 - The right to accept or refuse any government offering or service is ultimately the citizens choice regardless of reason, it is referred to as conscientious objection
 - Government cannot constitutionally compel a citizen into receiving a service, benefit, or offering.
 - Using a tax if someone does not comply is tantamount to a Bill of Attainder/punishment and is unconstitutional
 - Taking something that is legal and then making it illegal is tantamount to an ex post facto law

Petition

- A right of conscience is a fundamental inalienable right that is not tied to religion alone, it can be ideological, political, scientific, or emotional and no government under the jurisdiction of the U.S. Constitution for the United State can compel a person or a parent to personally act, take action, direct their children to act, or to receive a service or benefit – nor can they be taxed as punishment.
- A person if ideology or religion that is antithetical to liberty cannot be tolerated... these are activists working to undermine and overthrow our Constitution and our laws.

State Property and Resources

- Amend the States Constitutions to establish farm and agricultural land as a strategic resource of the State
- States need to abandon the Commodity Credit Corporation and establish their own silage, food storage, and energy storage for their citizens in case of emergency
- Incentivizing Family farming and taxing non-family farmland for not farming
- Create a list of crops and livestock that come with incentives
- Any agricultural land that is owned by a non-resident, Corporation, or entity that is not residing on the land and is not using the land for production or is being subsidized for not being productive will be taxed at the full rate as if the land was in optimal production.
- Each subsequent year the land is not utilized the taxes will increase for five years, after which the State will conduct leasing of these properties for production purposes
- Where in the Constitution does the general government have the authority of who can own property within a State or authorize the sale of private or any type of government property to be sold owned or controlled by a foreign entity?
 - No foreign entity or corporation can own any property within the State, the federal government does not have the authority to authorize or facilitate the selling of any property within the boundaries of a State.

Petitions

- Declare that all State land not formerly under the jurisdiction of the organic Constitution and its 28 Amendments is State land and resources – that cannot be sold by the States or owned/operated by any other government entity including federal government without an amendment to the US Constitution.
- States must formerly abandon the CCC and FEMA and establish the responsibility for their own emergency services
- Incentivize and promote family farming and declare family farms like small businesses are the backbone of our economy and States strategic interests
- That the general government does not possess the authority to authorize the sale of any property or assets of the union (i.e. united States) to any foreign entity or individual

- Federal subsidies to pay a farmer or business of any kind are not within the Constitution and is tantamount to waging economic warfare against the State
- Any land that is owned by a foreign entity or foreign person will be served notice that their land sale was not a legitimate transaction under the Constitution for the United States and that the land will go into conservatorship to determine what its disposition or it will be returned to the State for use or sale.
- Any non-resident U.S. citizen, or State resident who chooses not to use the potential land for farming or harvesting of agricultural resources and chooses to let the land be non-productive – then the State has the authority to authorize others to use the land for agricultural development and harvesting on a year by year basis.
- Any land that is owned by a non-resident U.S. citizen, or State resident who chooses not to use the potential land for farming or harvesting of agricultural resources and chooses to let the land be non-productive – then the land owner will be charged the market value tax that should have been generated for that production year.
- Farm or agricultural land ownership cannot be purchased for abandonment, nor can production be hindered by subsidies. Land that is owned or operated by non-residents States need to

Personal Property

The primary objects of government is to protect its citizens lives and property

- ALL Personal Property Rights of the citizens must be protected
- Citizens cannot legally lose the title or their property by fraud
 - Title theft is being used to take away the property from the rightful and legal owners – unless there is direct evidence that the homeowner assisted in supporting the theft or fraud and was responsible for granting access to the info used to stealing the property
- It is morally wrong for citizens who are disabled, living on a limited income, retired, or unable to work cannot lose their home to property taxes
 - Criteria needs to be created to protect a person's home/property

Identity and a person's information

The Fourth Amendment:

“The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.”

The intent of this was to constrain government from having unattested access to a person's personal information. This was to include relationships and associations.

The government at any level was never intended to be able to monitor the activity of any individual without having prior notice or authorization by the court; however, this is insufficient of a safeguard since courts have proven they too cannot be trusted to guard our Constitutional rights. The reverse of this was the intent and design by the framers that the people were to have full transparency of their

government. Remember it was to be for and by the consent of the governed and what the federal government was doing was supposed to be available for the public. The only exception of national security.

That said, States should not be excluded from national security matters and that they possess the full oversight over ALL the activities of the general government for the people to ensure they are strictly functioning within the enumerated boundaries of the Constitution.

It is paramount to protect personal data such as DNA and biometrics from government access especially from the general government being.

The general government possesses the Constitutional role and responsibility to control ALL persons entering the nation for immigration purposes only... They also have the authority to control citizens leaving the country and returning. This does not give them the right to create national IDs or even regulate the standards of identification. It is the States responsibility to ensure that the general government has sufficient data for what they need and to ensure that the federal government does not have databases or the storing of data of the citizenry nor access to State's citizens data for any purpose.

Keep in mind the only laws the federal government has the authority to enforce and punish are treason, counterfeiting, crimes committed on the high seas, and crimes committed against the laws of nations and no other law. All other crimes and criminal laws are State jurisdiction only.

protects ones right from unreasonable

Software and OS Patents Licensing

How is technology that spies on citizens useful to We the People?

Petition

- No U.S. Citizen can lose any personal property of any type within the State – to fraud or a fraudulent act that has not been proven in a common law court where the owner was directly involved in the planning or the act of fraud
- No resident of the State can be forced out of their home due to their inability to pay property tax nor can the home be taken from their estate or heirs.

Intellectual Property

Revisiting Patent Laws as delegated

Article I Section 8, subsection 8 states: “To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries”

- Initially these “patents” laws protected intellectual property for 14 years.
- Today utility patents last 20 years, copyrights last 70 years after the death of the author and trade secrets can be indefinite.

- a. Technology Patents within the U.S.
 - i. Moore's Law refers to Gordon Moore's perception that the number of transistors on a microchip doubles every two years, though the cost of computers is halved. Moore's Law states that we can expect the speed and capability of our computers to increase every couple of years, and we will pay less for them. Another tenet of Moore's Law asserts that this growth is exponential.
 - ii. Much of the software and hardware world that "tech" is dependent upon is not "original" and are simply innovations of technology. Consequently, much of these patents should not last for such long periods
 - iii. Patents to protect Research and Development must be encourage industry to reduce their costs and time
 - iv. Medical and Pharmaceutical research development and patents can be reduced in allowing non-profit compassionate entities to compete
- The intent is to promote science and useful arts, and providing indefinite patents does not promote anything; thus, patents become a hindrance to innovations.

Petition